ASHINGTON May 27, 1988

NATIONAL SECURITY DECISION DIRECTIVE NUMBER 307

REVIEW OF UNITE ST TES ARMS REDUCTION POSITIONS IN PREPARAT ON OR THE MOSCOW SUMMET (U)

Based on the current stands arms reductions as well as the views of my senior advisors, this NSDD sets out U.S. arms reduction positions and objectives for the May 29 - June 2, 1988 summit meeting in Moscow. This NSDD is not intended as a comprehensive statement of U.S. arms reduction policy; except where specifically noted, previous U.S. positions and previous guidance remain valid. (S)

Substantive arms reduction discussions in Moscow should focus on START, Defense and Space, Saviet non-compliant with the ABM Treaty, and issues concerning the ABM Treaty view. In the areas of nuclear testing clemical weapons and conventional forces arms control, harring unforeseen acroum tances, we will limit ourselves to relewing and recording progress made elsewhere and to signific these nuclear testing agreements negotiated in Geneva. (S)

START (U)

In Moscow we will seek the pllowing:

- -- We will continue the there cate a legal whiteling sublimit of 3300 ICBM RVs and will discuss how to record the current Soviet intentions with regard to their program.
- -- We will provide the Soviets details of our proposed verification scheme for mobile ICBMs based upon the decisions reflected in guidance issued on my behalf by the National Security Council staff on May 24, 1988. Based on Soviet receptiveness to this perification approach, I will make the decision in Moscow whether to discuss specific numerical limits on mobile ICBMs and, if so, what is mits to propose.
- -- If warranted by devict movement in other reas, I am prepared to agree to a low testing and movement of silo-based heavy IdBMs subject to appropriate restrictions on the modernization of such missing (but not on other ICBM modernization) and subject to the United tates having an equal right to heavy I BMs.

SECRET Declaration: OADR

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Building upon the Restravik formula for heavy bombers carrying gravity be based SRAMs, we will seek to resolve additional issues concerning air-breathing weapons in a single, integrated pactage as follows:

While consisting o prefer a courting rule of 10 ALCMs per bomber. It is Soviets accept our approach to counting rule, we can accept an outcome which meets the following criteria:

-- For the .S. a counting rule of no more than 10

ALCHe pe B-2: For existing Soviet bombers counting rule of no less than 6 ALCMs per BEAR-H and no less than 8 ALCMs per Blackjack;

Provisions for agreeing on counting rules for future bomber types.

No sublimit on ALCMs or bomber weapons;

- No restrictions on conventionally-armed cruise missiles:
- 1000 km range cut-off for counting nuclear-armed ALCM

- (acceptable only of the Soviets agree to the remaining elements of our supposal);
 Acceptance of the U.S. position of bember and bomber weapon distinuis bility and verification;
 No constraints on LCM inventor; an Acceptance of the limited right to convert ALCM bombers to non-Alam or the imited right to convert to conventional bombers set forth in the U.S. draft of the Conversion or Elimination Protocal.
- On sea-launched cruise hissiles, if the Seviets appear interested in moving from their current position to a declaratory approach will base such a approach on reciprocal non-binding declarations of acquisition plans for all nuclear-armed SLCMs regardless of their range. If such a scheme were agreed to, the United States would declare it has no plans to acquire more than 1500 nuclear-armed SLCMs.
- We will continue the expanded data exchange begun in Geneva. (S)
- In implementing these decisions, our priorities should be:
- First priority. Resolving issues related to the joint summit statement of partie START statement as required.
- Second priority Tooking Soviet greaten to the ALCM position set restables.
- Third priority. Setting forth additional details of the U.S. approach to making ICBM verification

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Pourth priority. Continuing the expanded data exchange. (S)

Soviet ABM Treaty Non-compliance and the ABM Treaty Review (U)

We will reaffirm in Moscow our long-standing concern with Soviet failure to comply with and to correct soviet violations of the ABM Treaty. We will make it clear that we will not sign any strategic arms agreements, either in STARs or in Defense and Space, while the issue of the illegal Soviet Krasnoyarsk radar remains unresolved, and that we consider the only appropriate resolution to be dismantlement or destruction of the radar. (S)

The third five-year review of the ABM Treaty must be conducted by October, 1988. We will not attempt to conduct the review in Moscow on the margins of the summit, nor will we plan on delaying it past October. Within those parameters, interagency consideration of options for the timing and forum of the review should be expedited. Taking into account developments during discussions in Moscow, especially with regard to Krasnoyarsk, I would like to be able to decide the U.S. position on the timing and forum of such a review as soon as possible following the Moscow summit. (S)

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